

FEATURES

With no external resistors:

- Difference Amplifier: Gains: 0.5, 1, 2**
- Inverting Amplifier: Gains: 0.5, 1, 2**
- Noninverting Amplifier: Gains: 1.5, 2, 3**
- Set reference voltage at 0, +Vs/2, or +Vs**

Excellent AC Specifications

- 10 MHz bandwidth**
- 30V/ μ s slew rate**

Low Distortion

- 90 dBc @ 100 kHz, 20Vpp, 600 Ω load**

High Accuracy DC Performance

- 0.05% gain accuracy**
- 10 ppm gain drift**
- 400 μ V offset voltage**
- 80 dB CMRR**

Two channels in small 4 mm \times 4 mm LFCSP

Supply current: 2.5 mA per channel

Supply range: ± 2.5 V to ± 18 V

APPLICATIONS

- Instrumentation Amplifier Building Block**
- Level Translator**
- Automatic Test Equipment**
- High Performance Audio**
- Sin/Cos Encoders**

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AD8270 is a low distortion, dual-channel amplifier with internal gain setting resistors. With no external components, it can be configured as a high performance difference amplifier ($G=0.5, 1, \text{ or } 2$), inverting amplifier ($G=0.5, 1, \text{ or } 2$) or non-inverting amplifier ($G=1.5, 2, \text{ or } 3$).

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

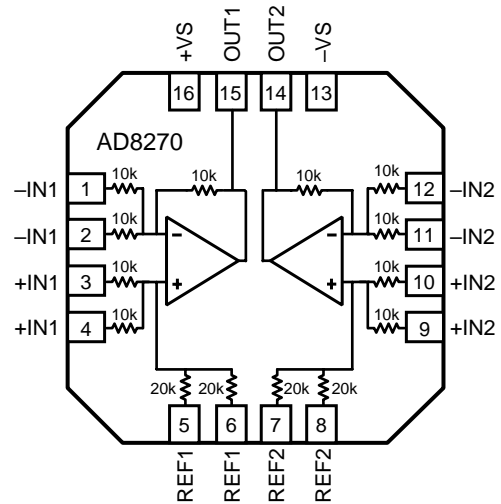


Figure 1. AD8270 Dual Difference Amplifier

Table 1. Difference Amplifiers by Category

| Low Distortion | High Voltage | Single Supply Uni-directional | Single Supply Bi-directional |
|----------------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| AD8270 | AD628 | AD8202 | AD8205 |
| AD8273 | AD629 | AD8203 | AD8206 |
| AMP03 | AD8212 | | AD8210 |

The AD8270 is the first dual difference amplifier in the small 4 mm \times 4mm LFCSP. It requires the same board area as a typical single difference amplifier. The smaller package allows a 2X increase in channel density and a lower cost per channel, all with no compromise in performance.

The AD8270 operates on both single and dual supplies and only requires 2.5 mA maximum supply current for both amplifiers. It is specified over the industrial temperature range of -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ and is fully RoHS compliant.

Rev. PrA

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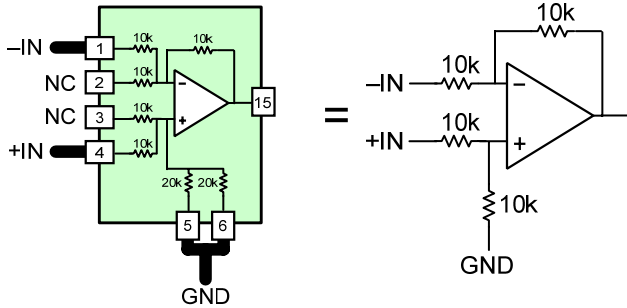
SPECIFICATIONS

$V_S = \pm 15\text{ V}$, $V_{REF} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $G = 1$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, unless otherwise noted.

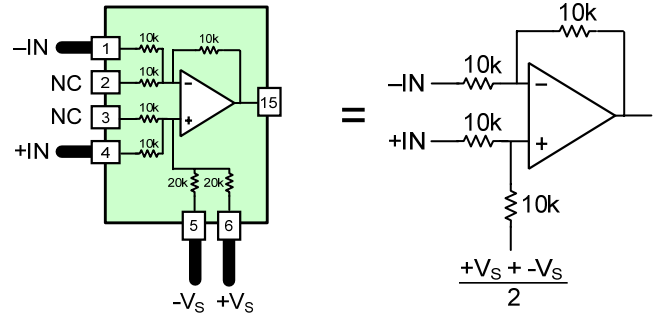
Table 2.

| Parameter | Conditions | G = 1/2 | | | G = 1 | | | G = 2 | | | Unit |
|---|--|---------|-----|------|-------|-----|------|-------|-----|------|------------------------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bandwidth | | | 15 | | | 10 | | | 5 | | MHz |
| Slew Rate | | | 30 | | | 30 | | | 30 | | V/ μs |
| Settling Time to 0.01% | 10V Step on output | | 700 | | | 800 | | | 850 | | ns |
| Settling Time to 0.001% | 10V Step on output | | 800 | | | 900 | | | 950 | | ns |
| NOISE/DISTORTION | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harmonic Distortion | $f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $V_{OUT} = 20\text{ Vpp}$ | | 100 | | | 100 | | | 100 | | dBc |
| | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$, $V_{OUT} = 20\text{ Vpp}$ | | 100 | | | 100 | | | 100 | | dBc |
| | $f = 100\text{ kHz}$, $V_{OUT} = 20\text{ Vpp}$ | | 90 | | | 90 | | | 90 | | dBc |
| Output Voltage Noise (referred to input) | $f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$ | | | | | | | | | | $\mu\text{V p-p}$ |
| | $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ | | 45 | | | 30 | | | 16 | | $\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| GAIN | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Gain Error | | | | 0.05 | | | 0.05 | | | 0.05 | % |
| Gain Drift | | | 1 | 10 | | 1 | 10 | | 1 | 10 | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Gain Nonlinearity | | | 10 | 40 | | 10 | 40 | | 10 | 40 | ppm |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Offset | | | 100 | 400 | | 100 | 400 | | 100 | 400 | μV |
| Overtemperature Drift | | | 2 | 8 | | 2 | 8 | | 2 | 8 | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio | DC to 10 kHz | 74 | 94 | | 80 | 100 | | 86 | 106 | | dB |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | DC to 10 kHz | | | | | | | | | | dB |
| Input Voltage Range | | -15.4 | | 15.4 | -15.4 | | 15.4 | -15.4 | | 15.4 | V |
| Impedance | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Differential | | | 20 | | | 20 | | | 10 | | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| Common Mode | | | 7.5 | | | 10 | | | 7.5 | | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Output Swing | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < 85^\circ\text{C}$ | -13.5 | | | -13.5 | | | -13.5 | | | V |
| | | -13 | | | -13 | | | -13 | | | V |
| Short circuit current limit | | | 60 | | | 60 | | | 60 | | mA |
| POWER SUPPLY | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Supply Current (per Amplifier) | $-40^\circ\text{C} < T_A < 85^\circ\text{C}$ | | 2.5 | 3 | | 2.5 | 3 | | 2.5 | 3 | mA |
| | | | 3 | 4 | | 3 | 4 | | 3 | 4 | mA |

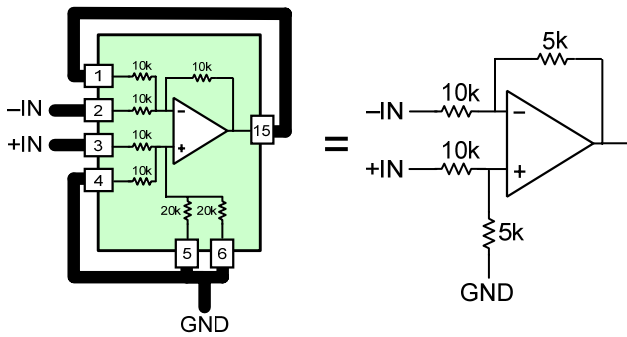
GAIN = 1
referenced to ground



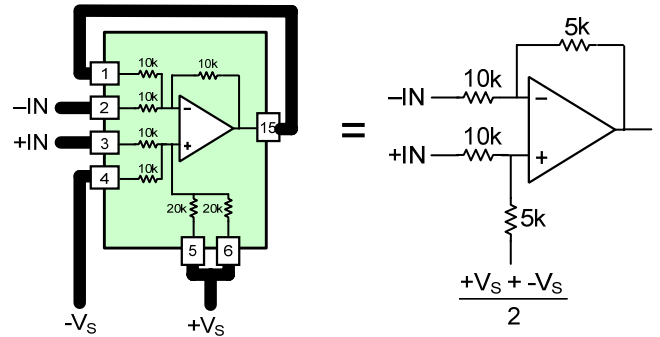
GAIN = 1
referenced to mid-supply



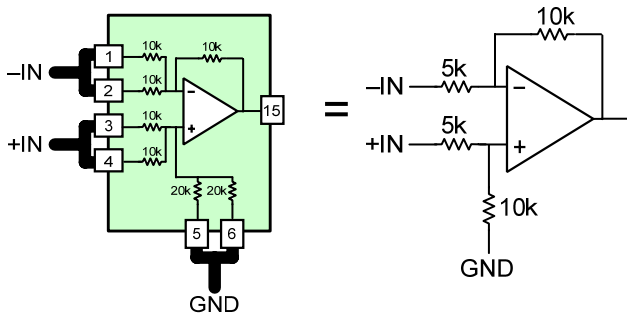
GAIN = 1/2
referenced to ground



GAIN = 1/2
referenced to mid-supply



GAIN = 2
referenced to ground



GAIN = 2
referenced to mid-supply

